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#### 1. Identification

Product identifier used on the label

## MasterSeal TC 225 tan INTNL also SONOGUARD TOP COAT HT TAN

#### Recommended use of the chemical and restriction on use

Recommended use\*: for industrial and professional users

#### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company:

BASF CORPORATION 100 Park Avenue Florham Park, NJ 07932, USA

Telephone: +1 973 245-6000

#### **Emergency telephone number**

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

BASF HOTLINE: 1-800-832-HELP (4357)

#### Other means of identification

Chemical family: No data available.

#### 2. Hazards Identification

#### According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

#### Classification of the product

Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquids Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation - vapour) Acute toxicity

Skin Corr./Irrit. 2 Skin corrosion/irritation

Eye Dam./Irrit. 2A Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization

<sup>\*</sup> The "Recommended use" identified for this product is provided solely to comply with a Federal requirement and is not part of the seller's published specification. The terms of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) do not create or infer any warranty, express or implied, including by incorporation into or reference in the seller's sales agreement.

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Repr. 1B (fertility) Reproductive toxicity
Repr. 1B (unborn child) Reproductive toxicity

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity — repeated

exposure

Aquatic Acute 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic

#### Label elements

#### Pictogram:



#### Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statement:

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H331 Toxic if inhaled.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if

inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged

or repeated exposure.

H360 May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H402 Harmful to aquatic life.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (Prevention):

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face

protection.

P260 Do not breathe dust/gas/mist/vapours.

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other

ignition sources. No smoking.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and

understood.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.
P264 Wash with plenty of water and soap thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Precautionary Statements (Response):

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P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P311	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P303 + P361 + P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
P370 + P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water spray for extinction.

Precautionary Statements (Storage):

P403 + P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary Statements (Disposal):

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection

point.

#### Hazards not otherwise classified

If applicable information is provided in this section on other hazards which do not result in classification but which may contribute to the overall hazards of the substance or mixture.

#### Labeling of special preparations (GHS):

CONTAINS ISOCYANATES. INHALATION OF ISOCYANATE MISTS OR VAPORS MAY CAUSE RESPIRATORY IRRITATION, BREATHLESSNESS, CHEST DISCOMFORT AND REDUCED PULMONARY FUNCTION. OVEREXPOSURE WELL ABOVE THE PEL MAY RESULT IN BRONCHITIS, BRONCHIAL SPASMS AND PULMONARY EDEMA. LONG-TERM EXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES HAS BEEN REPORTED TO CAUSE LUNG DAMAGE, INCLUDING REDUCED LUNG FUNCTION WHICH MAY BE PERMANENT. ACUTE OR CHRONIC OVEREXPOSURE TO ISOCYANATES MAY CAUSE SENSITIZATION IN SOME INDIVIDUALS, RESULTING IN ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY REACTIONS INCLUDING WHEEZING, SHORTNESS OF BREATH AND DIFFICULTY BREATHING. ANIMAL TESTS INDICATE THAT SKIN CONTACT MAY PLAY A ROLE IN CAUSING RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION.

#### 3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

#### According to Regulation 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard; 29 CFR Part 1910.1200

ncyanate
ridyl)sebacate
iperidyl sebacate
ri

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#### 4. First-Aid Measures

#### **Description of first aid measures**

#### General advice:

First aid personnel should pay attention to their own safety. Immediately remove contaminated clothing.

#### If inhaled:

Remove the affected individual into fresh air and keep the person calm. Assist in breathing if necessary. Immediate medical attention required.

#### If on skin:

Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation develops, seek medical attention.

#### If in eyes:

In case of contact with the eyes, rinse immediately for at least 15 minutes with plenty of water. Immediate medical attention required.

#### If swallowed:

Rinse mouth and then drink plenty of water. Do not induce vomiting. Never induce vomiting or give anything by mouth if the victim is unconscious or having convulsions. Immediate medical attention required.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Overexposure may cause:, difficulty breathing, tightness in the chest, coughing, headache

Hazards: Respiratory sensitization may result in allergic (asthma-like) signs in the lower respiratory tract including wheezing, shortness of breath and difficulty breathing, the onset of which may be delayed. Repeated inhalation of high concentrations may cause lung damage, including reduced lung function, which may be permanent. Substances eliciting lower respiratory tract irritation may worsen the asthma-like reactions that may be produced by product exposures.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

#### Note to physician

Antidote: Specific antidotes or neutralizers to isocyanates do not exist.

Treatment: Treatment should be supportive and based on the judgement of the

physician in response to the reaction of the patient.

#### 5. Fire-Fighting Measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media: water spray, dry powder, carbon dioxide, foam

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards during fire-fighting:

nitrous gases, fumes/smoke, isocyanate, vapour

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#### Advice for fire-fighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighting:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn-out gear.

#### Further information:

Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Clear area. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear suitable personal protective clothing and equipment.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Contain contaminated water/firefighting water. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

#### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small amounts: Absorb isocyanate with suitable absorbent material (see § 40 CFR, sections 260, 264 and 265 for further information). Shovel into open container. Do not make container pressure tight. Move container to a well-ventilated area (outside). Spill area can be decontaminated with the following recommended decontamination solution: Mixture of 90 % water, 8 % concentrated ammonia, 2 % detergent. Add at a 10 to 1 ratio. Allow to stand for at least 48 hours to allow escape of evolved carbon dioxide.

For large amounts: If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam or other suitable foam (available from most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Transfer as much liquid as possible via pump or vacuum device into closed but not sealed containers for disposal.

For residues: The following measures should be taken for final cleanup: Wash down spill area with decontamination solution. Allow solution to stand for at least 10 minutes. Dike spillage.

#### 7. Handling and Storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Provide suitable exhaust ventilation at the processing machines. Closed containers should only be opened in well-ventilated areas. When handling heated product, vapours of the product should be ventilated, and respiratory protection used. Avoid aerosol formation. Wear respiratory protection when spraying. Danger of bursting when sealed gastight. Protect against moisture. If bulging of drum occurs, transfer to well ventilated area, puncture to relieve pressure, open vent and let stand for 48 hours before resealing.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No applicable information available.

Suitable materials for containers: tinned carbon steel (Tinplate)

Further information on storage conditions: Keep only in the original container in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources, heat or flame. Protect from direct sunlight. Protect from temperatures below: 0 °C

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The packed product must be protected from temperatures below the indicated one.

#### 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Titanium dioxide

#### Components with occupational exposure limits

dibutyltin dilaurate **OSHA PEL** PEL 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); SKIN\_FINAL (tin (Sn)); The substance can be absorbed through the skin. TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); STEL value **ACGIH TLV** 0.2 mg/m3 (tin (Sn)); Skin Designation (tin (Sn)); The substance can be absorbed through the skin. 4,4'-methylenedicyclohexyl **OSHA PEL** CLV 0.01 ppm 0.11 mg/m3; diisoncyanate **ACGIH TLV** TWA value 0.005 ppm; Calcium sulphate **OSHA PEL** PEL 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust; TWA value 15 mg/m3 Total dust; TWA value 5 mg/m3 Respirable fraction **ACGIH TLV** TWA value 10 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction;

PEL 15 mg/m3 Total dust ; TWA value 10 mg/m3 Total dust;

**ACGIH TLV** TWA value 10 mg/m3;

**OSHA PEL** 

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talc

**OSHA PEL** 

TWA value 20 millions of particles per cubic foot of air; TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air Respirable;

The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 250/(%SiO2+5), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 10/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 30/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable dust; TWA value 0.3 mg/m3 Total dust;

The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 30/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable; The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 10/(%SiO2+2), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 2.4 millions of particles per cubic foot of air Respirable;

The exposure limit is calculated from the equation, 250/(%SiO2+5), using a value of 100% SiO2. Lower percentages of SiO2 will yield higher exposure limits.

TWA value 20 millions of particles per cubic foot

**ACGIH TLV** 

TWA value 2 mg/m3 Respirable fraction; The value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica.

Stoddard solvent OSHA PEL PEL 500 ppm 2,900 mg/m3;

ACGIH TLV TWA value 100 ppm;

#### Advice on system design:

Provide local exhaust ventilation to maintain recommended P.E.L.

#### Personal protective equipment

#### Respiratory protection:

When workers are facing concentrations above the occupational exposure limits they must use appropriate certified respirators. When atmospheric levels may exceed the occupational exposure limit (PEL or TLV) NIOSH-certified air-purifying respirators equipped with an organic vapor sorbent and particulate filter can be used as long as appropriate precautions and change out schedules are in place. For emergency or non-routine, high exposure situations, including confined space entry,

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use a NIOSH-certified full facepiece pressure demand self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) or a full facepiece pressure demand supplied-air respirator (SAR) with escape provisions.

#### Hand protection:

Chemical resistant protective gloves should be worn to prevent all skin contact., Suitable materials may include, chloroprene rubber (Neoprene), nitrile rubber (Buna N), chlorinated polyethylene, polyvinylchloride (Pylox), butyl rubber, fluoroelastomer (Viton), depending upon conditions of use.

#### Eve protection:

Tightly fitting safety goggles (chemical goggles). Wear face shield if splashing hazard exists.

#### **Body protection:**

Cover as much of the exposed skin as possible to prevent all skin contact., Suitable materials may include, saran-coated material, depending upon conditions of use.

#### General safety and hygiene measures:

Wear protective clothing as necessary to prevent contact. Eye wash fountains and safety showers must be easily accessible. Observe the appropriate PEL or TLV value. Wash soiled clothing immediately. Contaminated equipment or clothing should be cleaned after each use or disposed of.

#### 9. Physical and Chemical Properties

Form: liquid
Odour: solvent-like

Odour threshold: No applicable information available.

Colour: various colours pH value: various colours

Melting point: No applicable information available.

Boiling range: approx. 105.56 - 260 °C

Sublimation point: No applicable information available.

Flash point: 105 °F
Flammability: Flammable.
Lower explosion limit: 1.0 %(V)
Upper explosion limit: 7.0 %(V)

Vapour pressure: The product has not been tested.

Density: approx. 1.09 g/cm3

(20°C)

Relative density: No applicable information available.

Vapour density: Heavier than air.

Partitioning coefficient n- No applicable information available.

octanol/water (log Pow):

Thermal decomposition: No decomposition if stored and handled as

prescribed/indicated.

Viscosity, dynamic: 2,720 cP

(40 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic: 2,426 mm2/s

( 40 °C)

Solubility in water: (20 °C)

slightly soluble

Solubility (quantitative): No applicable information available. Solubility (qualitative): No applicable information available. Evaporation rate: No applicable information available.

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#### 10. Stability and Reactivity

#### Reactivity

No hazardous reactions if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Corrosion to metals:

Corrosive effects to metal are not anticipated.

#### **Chemical stability**

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

#### Possibility of hazardous reactions

The product is stable if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

#### Conditions to avoid

See MSDS section 7 - Handling and storage.

#### Incompatible materials

strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizing agents, strong reducing agents

#### Hazardous decomposition products

Decomposition products:

No hazardous decomposition products if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

Thermal decomposition:

No decomposition if stored and handled as prescribed/indicated.

#### 11. Toxicological information

#### Primary routes of exposure

Routes of entry for solids and liquids are ingestion and inhalation, but may include eye or skin contact. Routes of entry for gases include inhalation and eye contact. Skin contact may be a route of entry for liquefied gases.

#### **Acute Toxicity/Effects**

#### Acute toxicity

Assessment of acute toxicity: Of moderate toxicity after short-term inhalation. Inhalation of diisocyanates may cause irritation of the mucous membranes of the nose, throat or trachea, breathlessness, chest discomfort, difficult breathing and reduced pulmonary function. High airborne concentrations may result additionally in eye irritation, headache, chemical bronchitis, asthma-like symptoms or pulmonary edema. Isocyanates have also been reported to cause hyper-sensitivity pneumonitis, which is characterized by flu-like symptoms, the onset of which may be delayed. Symptoms include nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain.

#### Oral

No applicable information available.

#### **Inhalation**

Value: 3.85 mg/l Determined for vapor

#### Dermal

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No applicable information available.

#### Irritation / corrosion

Assessment of irritating effects: Eye contact causes irritation. Skin contact causes irritation. Skin contact may result in dermatitis, either irritative or allergic.

#### Sensitization

Assessment of sensitization: Sensitization after skin contact possible. The substance may cause sensitization of the respiratory tract. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the PEL/TLV. These symptoms, which include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath, or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air, or other irritants. This increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanates has also been reported to cause lung damage, including a decrease in lung function, which may be permanent. Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, or blistering. In those who have developed a skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material, or even as a result of vapour-only exposure. Animal tests indicate that skin contact may play a role in causing respiratory sensitization.

#### **Chronic Toxicity/Effects**

#### Repeated dose toxicity

Assessment of repeated dose toxicity: May cause central nervous system effects. The substance may cause damage to the upper respiratory tract after repeated inhalation, as shown in animal studies. Acute or chronic overexposures to isocyanates may cause sensitization in some individuals, resulting in allergic symptoms of the lower respiratory tract (asthma-like), including wheezing, shortness of breath and difficulty breathing. Subsequent reactions may occur at or substantially below the PEL and TLV. Asthma caused by isocyanates may persist in some individuals after removal from exposure and may be irreversible.

#### Genetic toxicity

Assessment of mutagenicity: No mutagenic effect was found in various tests with bacteria and mammalian cell culture.

#### Carcinogenicity

Assessment of carcinogenicity: No data available concerning carcinogenic effects.

#### Information on: Titanium dioxide

Assessment of carcinogenicity: IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer) has classified this substance as group 2B (The agent is possibly carcinogenic to humans). In long-term studies in rats in which the substance was given by inhalation, a carcinogenic effect was observed. Tumors were only observed in rats after chronic inhalative exposure to high concentrations which caused sustained lung inflammation. In long-term studies in rats and mice in which the substance was given by feed, a carcinogenic effect was not observed. Dermal exposure is not expected to be carcinogenic.

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#### Reproductive toxicity

Assessment of reproduction toxicity: May impair fertility. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### **Teratogenicity**

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Assessment of teratogenicity: May cause harm to the unborn child. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

#### Symptoms of Exposure

Overexposure may cause:, difficulty breathing, tightness in the chest, coughing, headache

#### Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

The isocyanate component is a respiratory sensitizer. It may cause allergic reaction leading to asthma-like spasms of the bronchial tubes and difficulty in breathing. Persons with history of respiratory disease or hypersensitivity should not be exposed to this product. Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come into contact with isocyanates is recommended. Preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum) are suggested. Persons with asthmatic conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases, recurrent eczema or pulmonary sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as having pulmonary sensitization (allergic asthma) to isocyanates, further exposure is not recommended. Contact may aggravate pulmonary disorders.

#### 12. Ecological Information

#### **Toxicity**

Aquatic toxicity

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

#### Aquatic toxicity

Information on: 4,4'-methylenedicyclohexyl diisoncyanate

Assessment of aquatic toxicity:

Acutely toxic for aquatic organisms. Depending on local conditions and existing concentrations, disturbances in the biodegradation process of activated sludge are possible. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the hydrolysis products.

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#### Persistence and degradability

Assessment biodegradation and elimination (H2O) Not readily biodegradable (by OECD criteria).

#### Mobility in soil

Assessment transport between environmental compartments

The substance will not evaporate into the atmosphere from the water surface. Adsorption to solid soil phase is expected.

#### **Additional information**

Other ecotoxicological advice:

Do not release untreated into natural waters. Do not allow to enter soil, waterways or waste water channels. The product has not been tested. The statement has been derived from the properties of the individual components.

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#### 13. Disposal considerations

#### Waste disposal of substance:

Dispose of in accordance with national, state and local regulations. Residues should be disposed of in the same manner as the substance/product. Do not discharge into drains/surface waters/groundwater.

#### Container disposal:

Contaminated packaging should be emptied as far as possible; then it can be passed on for recycling after being thoroughly cleaned.

#### 14. Transport Information

#### Land transport

**USDOT** 

Hazard class: C Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1263 Hazard label: CBL

Proper shipping name: PAINT, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID (contains BENZENE)

Classified as combustible liquid in containers greater than 119

gallons.

#### Sea transport

**IMDG** 

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1263

Hazard label: 3
Marine pollutant: NO
Proper shipping name: PAINT

#### Air transport

IATA/ICAO

Hazard class: 3 Packing group: III

ID number: UN 1263

Hazard label: 3
Proper shipping name: PAINT

#### 15. Regulatory Information

#### **Federal Regulations**

**Registration status:** 

Chemical TSCA, US released / listed

**EPCRA 311/312 (Hazard categories):** Acute; Chronic; Fire

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CERCLA RQ	CAS Number	Chemical name	
5000 LBS	7664-38-2	phosphoric acid	
1000 LBS	108-88-3	Toluene	

#### **State regulations**

State RTK	<b>CAS Number</b>	Chemical name
PA	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
	5124-30-1	4,4'-methylenedicyclohexyl diisoncyanate
	7778-18-9	Calcium sulphate
	14807-96-6	talc
	8052-41-3	Stoddard solvent
MA	5124-30-1	4,4'-methylenedicyclohexyl diisoncyanate
	7778-18-9	Calcium sulphate
	14807-96-6	talc
	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
	8052-41-3	Stoddard solvent
NJ	13463-67-7	Titanium dioxide
	5124-30-1	4,4'-methylenedicyclohexyl diisoncyanate
	14807-96-6	talc
	8052-41-3	Stoddard solvent
	7778-18-9	Calcium sulphate

#### **CA Prop. 65:**

WARNING: THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS A CHEMICAL(S) KNOWN TO THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA TO CAUSE CANCER AND BIRTH DEFECTS OR OTHER REPRODUCTIVE HARM.

#### **NFPA Hazard codes:**

Health: 3 Fire: 2 Reactivity: 0 Special:

#### 16. Other Information

#### SDS Prepared by:

BASF NA Product Regulations SDS Prepared on: 2015/05/22

We support worldwide Responsible Care® initiatives. We value the health and safety of our employees, customers, suppliers and neighbors, and the protection of the environment. Our commitment to Responsible Care is integral to conducting our business and operating our facilities in a safe and environmentally responsible fashion, supporting our customers and suppliers in ensuring the safe and environmentally sound handling of our products, and minimizing the impact of our operations on society and the environment during production, storage, transport, use and disposal of our products.

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